







# LOW PRESSURE REDUCER LPR®T

angle design DN 25



#### Application

The self contained low pressure reducing regulators and back pressure regulators controls pressure in mbar range. Applications are for inert gas tank blanketing, reactors, centrifuges and agitating tubs with inert gas such as nitrogen. The regulators are designed to meet requirements in the chemical, pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries and are particularly corrosion resistant and reliable.

#### Design

The large proportioned, spring-loaded diaphragm actuator with directly-controlled valve seat ensures precise control with low hysteresis. The regulators function without auxillary power supply. High overpressure strength and safe regulator function is achieved by means of the supported diaphragm with long spindle guide. The regulator has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining.

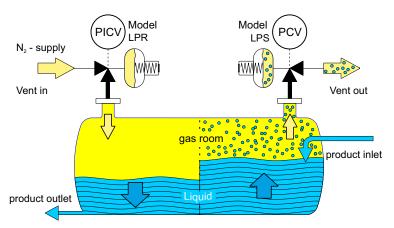
#### Description

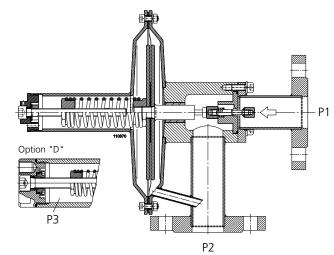
The components coming in contact with the product are manufactured from CrNiMo steel 1.4435 / 1.4404. The diaphragm and seals are made of PTFE and the regulator seat is made of perfluoroelastomer (FFKM – Isolast®, Chemraz®, Kalrez®) as standard, or fluoroelastomer (FKM: Viton®). These materials guarantee high corrosion resistance and excellent sealing, even at zero flow. The design has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining (suitable for CIP). On request, we can supply regulators in Hastelloy, Tantal or plastic etc. with the appropriate certification.

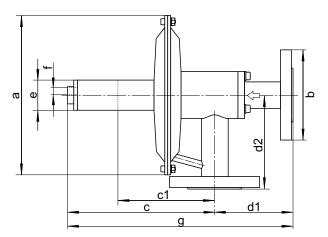
The surface finish for the stainless-steel version is better than Ra 1.6 for housing parts in contact with the medium, better than Ra 0.8 for internal functional parts and better than Ra 3.2 for the outer housing.

Technical data					
Nominal diameter:	DN 25 / 1"				
Regulating range P2:	L M D (pressure difference)	to 500 mbar to 1 bar			
Inlet pressure P1:	max. 10 bar	10 4 501 - 13			
Vakuum proof					
Pressure connections:	Flange / thread (Special version available on request)				
Weight:	6,0 kg to 8,3 kg				
Temperature: (Dependent on pressure conditions)	-20 ° to +120 °C fo -20 ° to +130 °C fo -20 ° to +160 °C fo	or FKM			
Testing and inspection: Pressure tightness:	According to IEC 6 Bubble tight sealing				

Section drawing for Hastelloy model and regulating pressure range "M" available on request.







Model dimensions	pressure connection	а	b	С	g	d1 x d2	е	f Option "D"	C1 factory setting P2
LPRT-025 <b>L</b>	DIN DN25 PN16 ANSI 1" 150 lbs	Ø	Ø115 (DIN)	190	290	Standard 100 x 120	Ø38 (M36)		132
LPRT-025 <b>M</b>	BSP 1" female thread	204	Ø108 (ANSI)	208	308	If desired 100 x 100	Ø54 (M48)	sion "e" is always Ø54 (M48) with) Option "D"	



# INSTRUM









# MODEL CODE LPR®T

## angle design DN

	1			2		3		4		5		6		7
	Desig	n		Nominal diame pressure conn		Flow capacity		Regulating pressure range		Material		Options		Specials
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#### 2 Nominal diameter DN/ Pressure connection

D Flange: DIN EN 1092-1, B1 DN 25 PN 16 Α Flange: ANSI B 16.5, 1" 150 lbs В Thread: 1" BSP female thread Ν Thread: 1" NPTF female thread

3 H	3 Flow capacity							
07	Seat	ø7 mm	kv = 0.70					
12	Seat	ø12 mm	kv = 2.60					
16	Seat	ø16 mm	kv = 5.20					
08	Seat Pressure	compensated ø8 mm	kv = 1.35					

#### Flow table [flow quantities in Nm³/h] 0.15 0.25 0.40 0.65 2 P1 [bar rel.] 1.5 4 10 Seat size 42 155 10 72 100 ø7 mm 26 12 29 36 16 22 45 54 75 ø8 mm 75 75 <u>-</u> 23 42 54 85 100 168 232 360 ø12 mm 31 65 P2 [mbar r 53 70 85 115 145 180 220 370 510 790 ø16 mm 10 14 18 22 26 100 155 ø7 mm 8.5 28 36 92 126 195 ø8 mm 15 20 45 54 100 168 ø12 mm 23 31 42 54 65 85 232 360 53 70 85 115 145 180 220 370 510 790 ø16 mm 100 200 10 14 18 22 26 34 42 72 155 ø7 mm

The flow capacity is the same in the supercritical operating range (guide value: P2 < 0.5 x P1). It is recommended to design for operation at a maximum of 70% of the flow values.

P1 = supply pressure P2 = regulating pressure

#### 4 Regulating pressure range P2 (mbar)

L01	2 - 10	L10	16 - 100	M01	200 - 1000
L02	4 - 20	L20	30 - 200		
L05	8 - 50	150	80 - 500		

### Dependency on inlet pressure (per -1 bar / +1 bar change in P1)

Seat ø7 mm - 3 mbar / + 3 mbar	Seat ø12 mm	- 8 mbar / + 8 mbar
Seat ø8 mm no effect	Seat ø16 mm	- 13 mbar / + 13 mbar

### 5 Materia (only the same colours can be combined)

Housing/ internal components		Seat seal		Diaphragm/ Regulating range		
S	1.4435 (1.4404)/ 1.4435 (1.4404)	K	FEKM	Р	PTFE/ L M	
G	1.4435 (1.4404)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	V	FKM	Е	EPDM/ L M	
Н	HC 22 (2.4602)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	Е	EPDM	G	PTFE-glass-fibre reinforced / L	
		С	FFKM con- forms to FDA	V	FKM/ L M	

Example: Housing/internal components with material code "G" or "H" (red) are only combined with seat of type "K" or "C" and with diaphragm type "P" or "G".

Housing/internal components with material code "S" can be combined with all seat and diaphragm materials (yellow).

# 6 Options

- Differential pressure connection
- Ε\* External impulse connection (standard 5/8"-20 UNS)
  - Pressure gauge connection G1/4
- \*The welded nipple is provided for connecting a pipe with ø 10. Included are a Swagelok nut and a front and rear clamping

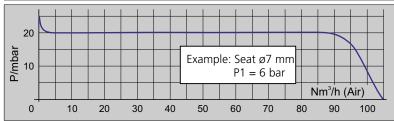
(Specials on request).

# 7 Specials

- If you require, for example, ATEX, PED, special X1 connections, external control, rain hood, a fixed
- X2 setting for P2 ..., please enter an X in this field with the number of desired Specials. Each of the specials must be described in writing.
- For special versions and certifications, please contact Xn

the manufacturer or the appropriate sales representative.

# Pressure / flow characteristic

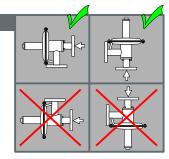


#### Installation

The preferred installation position is with vertical diaphragm housing and horizontal input. Pressure fixed unit is adjusted in this position.

The output pressure increases by approximately 4 mbar for installation with horizontal diaphragm housing.

The installation position must be specified.



#### Mounting and start up

- Before connecting the pressure regulator please make sure
- 1.1 to compare the plant data with the name
- 1.2 the values marked on the name plate are the 2.2 the setting can be secured with a seal. values measured during our functional inspection
- 1.3 to check the corrosion resistance of the material
- 1.4 to blow out impurities in the pipes
- 1.5 to note the flow direction it is marked with an arrow on the housing.
- 1.6 to open inlet pipes slowly.

- LPRT adjust reduced pressure: (Relative pressure)
- 2.1 set a light flow (1Nm³ /h). Set the pressure +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench.
- Adjust the LPRT differential pressure (-D) with the servo-regulator
- 3.1 if the D-connection is pressurised with the servo-pressure, the working pressure is displaced by the servo-pressure.