







VACUUM REDUCER LPR®T

angle design DN 25



Application

The self-contained stainless steel regulators act as negative pressure reducing and back pressure regulating valves, controlling vacuums in the mbar range. They are used with inert gases such as nitrogen for tanks, reactors, centrifuges and agitating tubs.

The regulators are designed to meet requirements in the chemical, pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries and are particularly corrosion resistant and reliable.

Design

The large proportioned, spring-loaded diaphragm actuator with directly-controlled valve seat ensures precise control with low hysteresis. The regulators function without auxillary power supply. High overpressure strength and safe regulator function is achieved by means of the supported diaphragm with long spindle guide. The regulator has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining.

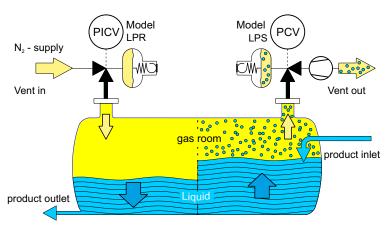
Description

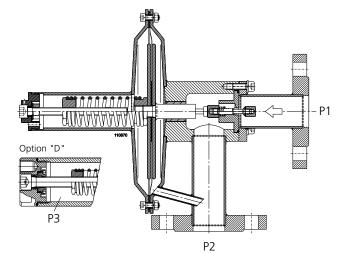
The components coming in contact with the product are manufactured from CrNiMo steel 1.4435 / 1.4404. The diaphragm and seals are made of PTFE and the regulator seat is made of perfluoroelastomer (FFKM – Isolast®, Chemraz®, Kalrez®) as standard, or fluoroelastomer (FKM: Viton®). These materials guarantee high corrosion resistance and excellent sealing, even at zero flow. The design has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining (suitable for CIP). On request, we can supply regulators in Hastelloy, Tantal or plastic etc. with the appropriate certification.

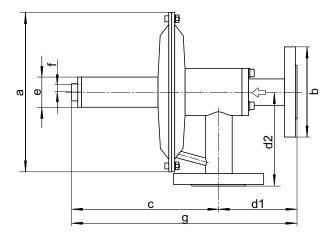
The surface finish for the stainless-steel version is better than Ra 1.6 for housing parts in contact with the medium, better than Ra 0.8 for internal functional parts and better than Ra 3.2 for the outer housing.

Technical data						
Nominal diameter:	DN 25 / 1"					
Regulating range P2:	N	to 800 mbar (200 mbar abs.)				
	D (pressure difference) to 4 bar = $P3$					
Inlet pressure P1:	max. 10 bar					
Vakuum proof						
Pressure connections:	Flange / thread					
	(Special version ava	ailable on request)				
Weight:	5,0 kg to 8,3 kg					
Temperature:	-20 ° to +120 °C	for EPDM				
(Dependent on	-20 ° to +130 °C	for FKM				
pressure conditions)	-20 ° to +160 °C	for PTFE				
Testing and inspection:	According to IEC	60534-4				
Pressure tightness:	Sealing category	' V				

Section drawing for Hastelloy model and regulating pressure range "M" available on request.







Model dimensions	pressure connection	а	b	С	g	d1 x d2	е	f Option "D"
LPRT-025 N	DIN DN25 PN16 ANSI 1" 150 lbs	Ø	Ø115 (DIN)	190	290	Standard 100 x 120	Ø38 (M36)	G 1/4" female thread (dimen-
LI IXI-023IN	BSP 1" female thread NPTF 1" female thread	204	Ø108 (ANSI)	208	308	If desired 100 x 100	Ø54 (M48)	sion "e" is always Ø54 (M48) with) Option "D"



INSTRUM









MODEL CODE LPR®T

angle design

	1			2		3		4		5		6		7
	Desig	n		Nominal diame pressure conn		Flow capacity		Regulating pressure range		Material		Options		Specials
LP	R	Т	-	025	-		-	N	-		-		-	Xn

2 Nominal diameter DN/ Pressure connection

Flange: DIN EN 1092-1, B1 DN 25 PN 16 Flange: ANSI B 16.5, 1" 150 lbs В Thread: 1" BSP female thread 1" NPTF female thread Thread:

3 Flow capacity

Seat

16

07	Seat	ø7 mm	kv = 0.70
12	Seat	on request	

on request

4 Regulating pressure range P2 (mbar)

N01	+5 to -10	N10	-16 to -100
N02	-5 to -20	N20	-30 to -200
N05	-8 to -50	N50	-80 to -500

Fle	Flow table [flow quantities in Nm³/h]											
P1	[bar rel.]	0.15	0.25	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.0	10	Seat size
	-10	13.4	16.8	20.4	27.1	33.6	42.0	58.8	84	118	185	ø7 mm
[mbar rel.]												
β	-20	12.7	17.0	21.7	26.9	33.6	42.0	58.8	84	118	185	ø7 mm
P2 [n												
	-100	15.9	18.9	22.5	27.6	33.6	42.0	58.8	84	118	185	ø7 mm

It is recommended to design for operation at a maximum of 70% of the flow values. P2 = regulating pressure P1 = supply pressure

Dependency on inlet pressure (per -1 bar / +1 bar change in P1)

Seat ø7 mm	- 3 mbar / + 3 mbar	Seat ø16 mm	- 13 mbar / + 13 mbar
Seat ø12 mm	- 8 mbar / + 8 mbar		

5 Material (only the same colours can be combined)

int	Housing/ ernal components	Seat seal			Diaphragm/ Regulating range		
S	1.4435 (1.4404)/ 1.4435 (1.4404)	K	FEKM	Р	PTFE/ N		
G	1.4435 (1.4404)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	٧	FKM	Е	EPDM/ N		
Н	HC 22 (2.4602)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	Ε	EPDM	G	PTFE-glass-fibre reinforced / L		
		С	FFKM con- forms to FDA	V	FKM/ N		

Example: Housing/internal components with material code "G" or "H" (red) are only combined with seat of type "K" or "C" and with diaphragm type "P" or "G".

Housing/internal components with material code "S" can be combined with all seat and diaphragm materials (yellow).

6 Options

E,

G

Differential pressure connection

External impulse connection (standard 5/8"-20 UNS) Pressure gauge connection G1/4

*The welded nipple is provided for connecting a pipe with ø 10. Included are a Swagelok nut and a front and rear clamping

(Specials on request).

7 Specials

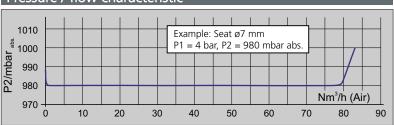
If you require, for example, ATEX, PED, special connections, external control, rain hood, a fixed X1 X2 setting for P2 ..., please enter an X in this field with

the number of desired Specials. Each of the specials

must be described in writing. Xn

For special versions and certifications, please contact the manufacturer or the appropriate sales representative.

Pressure / flow characteristic



Installation

The preferred installation position is with vertical diaphragm housing and horizontal input. Pressure fixed unit is adjusted in this position. The output pressure increases by approximately 4 mbar for installation with horizontal diaphragm housing.

The installation position must be specified.

Mounting and start up

- Before connecting the pressure regulator please make sure
- 1.1 to compare the plant data with the name plate
- 1.2 the values marked on the name plate are the values measured during our functional inspection
- 1.3 to check the corrosion resistance of the material
- 1.4 to blow out impurities in the pipes
- 1.5 to note the flow direction it is marked with 4.1 set a light flow (1Nm³/h). Set the pressure an arrow on the housing
- 1.6 to open inlet pipes slowly
- 2 LPRT adjust reduced pressure: (Relative pressure)

- 2.1 Set a light flow (1Nm³/h). Set the pressure +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench.
- 2.2 The setting can be secured with a seal.
- Adjust the LPRT differential pressure (-D) with the servo-regulator
- 3.1 If the D-connection is pressurised with the servo-pressure, the working pressure is added by the servo-pressure.
- 4 LPRT-N Set negative pressure
- +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench
- 4.2 The setting can be secured with a seal.